

STABILIZATION OF SYSTEMS WITH MULTIPLE POWER NONLINEARITIES

MAXIM BEBIYA

Kharkiv National University of V.N. Karazin,
Kharkiv, Ukraine
e-mail: m.bebiya@karazin.ua

In this paper we solve the stabilization problem for a class of nonlinear systems with uncontrollable first approximation. Namely, we consider a nonlinear system of the form

$$\begin{cases} \dot{x}_1 = u, \\ \dot{x}_i = x_{i-1}^{2k_{i-1}+1}, \quad i = 2, \dots, n \end{cases} \quad (1)$$

where $k_i \in N$, $u \in R$ is a control. The stabilization problem for system (1) is to construct a control of the form $u = u(x)$ such that equilibrium point of the closed-loop system is asymptotically stable.

We assume that $k_1 = \dots = k_s = 0$ and $0 < k_{s+1} < \dots < k_{n-1}$ for some s such that $0 \leq s \leq n-2$. For $s = n-2$ the stabilization problem for system (1) has been solved in [1]. The main result of the present work states that a stabilizing control can be found in the form

$$u(x) = a_1x_1 + a_2x_2 + \dots + a_nx_n + \sum_{i=s+1}^{n-1} a_{n-s+i}x_i^{2k_i+1}. \quad (2)$$

The conditions on coefficients a_i are obtained with the help of the Lyapunov function method. A Lyapunov function $V(x)$ can be chosen in the following form $V(x) = (Fx, x)$ where F is a solution of a singular Lyapunov inequality.

References

- [1] M. O. Bebiya, *Stabilization of systems with power nonlinearity*. Visn. Khark. Univ., Ser. Math, Prykl. Mat. Mekh. **Vol 1120** (2014), P. 85 – 94.